

Full
Free
Tagged
(for tables)

Medium
Custom
Help with Formats

Publication year YYYY

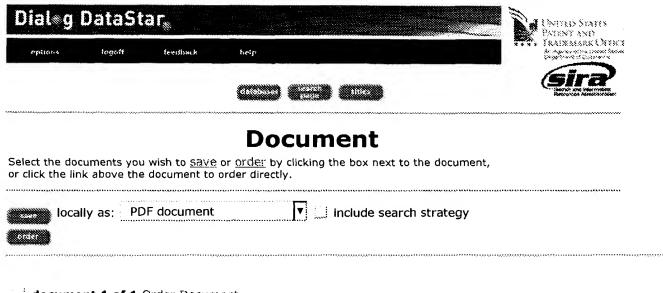
Ascending

Full
Copies you will redistribute:
Employees who will access archived
record(s):
Help with ERA

0.00

Top - News & FAQS - Dialog

© 2003 Dialog



document 1 of 1 Order Document

INSPEC - 1969 to date (INZZ)

Accession number & update

6928207, B2001-06-3240C-018, C2001-06-4270-012; 20010521.

Title

Design aspects of superconducting-phase quantum bits.

Author(s)

Blatter-G; Geshkenbein-V-B; Ioffe-L-B.

Author affiliation

Dept of Theor Phys, ETH, Zurich, Switzerland.

Source

Physical-Review-B (Condensed Matter and Materials Physics)(USA), vol.63, no.17, p.174511/1-9, 1 May 2001., Published: APS through AIP. Date rogood bat published [[April 200] [Indissood!

CODEN

PRBMDO.

ISSN

ISSN: 0163-1829, CCCC: 0163-1829/2001/63(17)/174511(9)/ (\$20.00).

Availability

SICI: 0163-1829(20010501)63:17L.1:DASP; 1-A

Electronic Journal Document Number: S0163-1829(01)06214-2.

Publication year

2001.

Language

EN.

Publication type

J Journal Paper. **Treatment codes**

T Theoretical or Mathematical.

Abstract

A superconducting-phase quantum bit (qubit) involves three or more Josephson junctions combined into a superconducting loop and defines one of the promising solid-state device implementations for quantum computing. Recently, so called pi junctions, Josephson junctions with a ground state characterized by a pi -phase shift across, have attracted much attention. We show how to make use of such pi junctions in the construction of superconducting phase qubits and discuss the advantage over conventional designs based on magnetically frustrated loops. Starting from a basic five-junction lo p with one pi junction, we show how to construct effective junctions with degenerate minima characterized by phase shifts 0 and pi and superconducting-phase switches. These elements are then combined into a superconducting- phase qubit which operates exclusively with switches, thus avoiding permanent contact with the environment through external biasing. The resulting **superconducting-phase** qubits can be understood as the macroscopic analog of the "quiet" s-wave-d-wave-s-wave Josephson-junction qubits introduced by Ioffe et al. Nature (London) 398, 679 (1999)ù. (36 refs).

9/28/03 11:43 AM

Descriptors

quantum-computing; superconducting-junction-devices.

Keywords

design aspects; **superconducting phase** quantum bits; **qubit**; Josephson junctions; **superconducting lo p**; quantum computing; pi junctions; ground state; pi **phase shift**; **superconducting phase** switches; external biasing.

Classification codes

B3240C (Superconducting junction devices).

C4270 (Quantum computing theory).

C pyright statement

Copyright 2001, IEE.

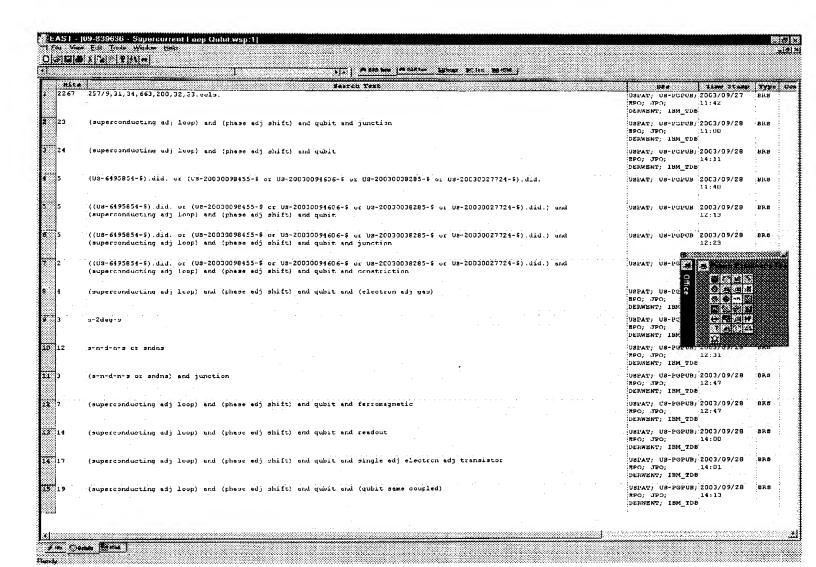
Digital object identifier

http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevB.63.174511.

COPYRIGHT BY Inst. of Electrical Engineers, Stevenage, UK

locally as:	PDF document	V	include search strategy
	Top	o - News & FA	QS - Dialog

© 2003 Dialog



EAST Seach 9/28/03